

ALGEBRA REVISION

Q5

$$4(2x + 3) - 3(x - 3) = 6$$

$$8x + 12 - 3x + 9 = 6$$

$$5x + 21 = 6$$

$$5x = 6 - 21$$

$$5x = -15$$

$$x = \frac{-15}{5}$$

$$x = -3$$

$$\frac{x+2}{3} = 7$$

$$x + 2 = 3 \times 7$$

$$x + 2 = 21$$

$$x = 21 - 2$$

$$x = 19$$

$$2(3x - 2) - 3(x + 1) = 5$$

$$6x - 4 - 3x - 3 = 5$$

$$3x - 7 = 5$$

$$3x = 5 + 7$$

$$3x = 12$$

$$x = \frac{12}{3}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\frac{2x}{5} - 7 = 11$$

$$\frac{2x}{5} = 11 + 7$$

$$\frac{2x}{5} = 18$$

$$2x = 18 \times 5$$

$$x = \frac{90}{2}$$

$$x = 45$$

$$3(x - 4) = 6(x - 7)$$

$$3x - 12 = 6x - 42$$

$$3x - 6x = -42 + 12$$

$$-3x = -30$$

$$x = \frac{-30}{-3}$$

$$x = 10$$

$$5 - \frac{2x}{3} = 1$$

$$\frac{-2x}{3} = 1 - 5$$

$$\frac{-2x}{3} = -4$$

$$-2x = -4 \times 3$$

$$-2x = -12$$

$$x = \frac{-12}{-2}$$

$$x = 6$$

$$5(2x+1)-3(x-3)\leq -14$$

$$10x+5-3x+9\leq -14$$

$$7x+14\leq -14$$

$$7x\leq -14-14$$

$$7x\leq -28$$

$$x\leq \frac{-28}{7}$$

$$x\leq -4$$

$$\frac{3x-5}{4}\geq \frac{2x-8}{3}$$

$$3(3x-5)\geq 4(2x-8)$$

$$9x-15\geq 8x-32$$

$$9x-8x\geq -32+15$$

$$x\geq -17$$

$$4(4x-1)>5(2x+3)$$

$$16x-4>10x+15$$

$$16x-10x>15+4$$

$$6x>19$$

$$x>\frac{19}{6}$$

$$\frac{x+2}{3}-\frac{x-1}{2}\leq 1$$

$$LCM=6$$

$$6\frac{(x+2)}{3}-6\frac{(x-1)}{2}\leq 6\times 1$$

$$2(x+2)-3(x-1)\leq 6$$

$$2x+4-3x+3\leq 6$$

$$-x+7\leq 6$$

$$-x\leq 6-7$$

$$-x\leq -1$$

$$x\geq 1$$