

REVISION – Linear Relations

EXTRA QUESTIONS

1) Solve for x and graph solutions on a number line.

a) $2x + 7 < x - 4$

b) $\frac{3x + 4}{x - 7} \geq -2$

c) $4(x + 3) - 2x > \frac{x}{2}$

d) $\frac{1}{x + 3} < \frac{3}{2}$

e) $9x - 8 \leq 2(x - 4)$

f) $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{3x}{4} \geq 5$

2) Solve the multi step equations

a) $12 + 5x - 8 = 12x - 10$

b) $\frac{x + 2}{x - 3} = 2$

c) $\frac{5x}{2} = 3x + 5$

d) $2(3x - 4) = 3x + 1$

e) $3x = 5(x + 3) - 3$

f) $4x + 7 - 6x = 5 - 4x + 4$

g) $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{3} = 5$

h) $\frac{3x - 1}{3x + 2} = 4$

i) $\frac{x - 5}{2} = \frac{x + 2}{3}$

j) $3(5x - 2) + 4x = 9x + 6 - 2x$

k) $\frac{5x + 6}{4} = 3x - 2$

l) $5(2x + 3) = 3(4x + 1) - 2(3x + 2)$

ANSWERS

1)

a.)
$$\begin{aligned} 2x + 7 &< x - 4 \\ 2x - x &< -4 - 7 \\ x &< -11 \end{aligned}$$

b.)
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3x+4}{x-7} &\geq -2 \\ 3x+4 &\geq -2(x-7) \\ 3x+4 &\geq -2x+14 \\ 3x+2x &\geq 14-4 \\ 5x &\geq 10 \end{aligned}$$

c.)
$$\begin{aligned} 4(x+3)-2x &> \frac{x}{2} \\ 4x+12-2x &> \frac{x}{2} \\ 2x+12 &> \frac{x}{2} \\ 2(2x+12) &> x \\ 4x+24 &> x \\ 4x-x &> -24 \\ 3x &> -24 \\ x &> \frac{-24}{3} \\ x &> -8 \end{aligned}$$

d.)
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{x+3} &< \frac{3}{2} \\ 2 \times 1 &< 3(x+3) \\ 2 &< 3x+9 \\ 2-9 &< 3x \\ -7 &< 3x \\ \frac{-7}{3} &< 3 \end{aligned}$$

e.)
$$\begin{aligned} 9x-8 &\leq 2(x-4) \\ 9x-8 &\leq 2x-8 \\ 9x-2x &\leq -8+8 \\ 7x &\leq 0 \\ x &\leq \frac{0}{7} \\ x &\leq 0 \end{aligned}$$

f.)
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x}{2} + \frac{3x}{4} &\geq 5 \\ \frac{2x}{4} + \frac{3x}{4} &\geq 5 \\ \frac{5x}{4} &\geq 5 \\ 5x &\geq 5 \times 4 \\ 5x &\geq 20 \\ x &\geq \frac{20}{5} \\ x &\geq 4 \end{aligned}$$

Q2.

a) $12 + 5x - 8 = 12x - 10$
 $12 - 8 + 10 = 12x - 5x$
 $14 = 7x$
 $\frac{14}{7} = x$
 $2 = x$

b) $\frac{x+2}{x-3} = 2$
 $x+2 = 2(x-3)$
 $x+2 = 2x-6$
 $2+6 = 2x-x$
 $8 = x$

c) $\frac{5x}{2} = 3x + 5$
 $5x = 2(3x + 5)$
 $5x = 6x + 10$
 $5x - 6x = 10$
 $-x = 10$
 $x = -10$

d) $2(3x - 4) = 3x + 1$
 $6x - 8 = 3x + 1$
 $6x - 3x = 1 + 8$
 $3x = 9$
 $x = \frac{9}{3}$
 $x = 3$

e) $3x = 5(x + 3) - 3$
 $3x = 5x + 15 - 3$
 $3x - 5x = 12$
 $-2x = 12$
 $x = \frac{12}{-2}$
 $x = -6$

f) $4x + 7 - 6x = 5 - 4x + 4$
 $4x - 6x + 4x = 5 + 4 - 7$
 $2x = 2$
 $x = \frac{2}{2}$
 $x = 1$

g) $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{3} = 5$
 $6 \times \frac{x}{2} + 6 \times \frac{x}{3} = 6 \times 5$
 $3x + 2x = 30$
 $5x = 30$
 $x = \frac{30}{5}$
 $x = 6$

h) $\frac{3x-1}{3x+2} = 4$
 $3x-1 = 4(3x+2)$
 $3x-1 = 12x+8$
 $-1-8 = 12x-3x$
 $-9 = 9x$
 $\frac{-9}{9} = x$
 $-1 = x$

i)

$$\frac{x-5}{2} = \frac{x+2}{3}$$

$$3(x-5) = 2(x+2)$$

$$3x - 15 = 2x + 4$$

$$3x - 2x = 4 + 15$$

$$x = 19$$

j)

$$3(5x-2) + 4x = 9x + 6 - 2x$$

$$15x - 6 + 4x = 7x + 6$$

$$19x - 6 = 7x + 6$$

$$19x - 7x = 6 + 6$$

$$12x = 12$$

$$x = \frac{12}{12}$$

$$x = 1$$

k)

$$\frac{5x+6}{4} = 3x - 2$$

$$5x + 6 = 4(3x - 2)$$

$$5x + 6 = 12x - 8$$

$$5x - 12x = -8 - 6$$

$$-7x = -14$$

$$x = \frac{-14}{-7}$$

$$x = 2$$

i)

$$5(2x+3) = 3(4x+1) - 2(3x+2)$$

$$10x + 15 = 12x + 3 - 6x - 4$$

$$15 - 3 + 4 = 12x - 6x - 10x$$

$$16 = -4x$$

$$\frac{16}{-4} = x$$